UNDER GRADUATE SYLLABUS OF SOCIOLOGY  
(Semester System Scheme)

Scheme of Examination (w.e.f.2011-2012 onward)

Maximum Marks - 100 Marks  
Theory - 80 Marks  
Internal Assessment - 20 Marks (Division of Marks as given below)

Two Handwritten Assignments : 10%  
(First Assignment after one month &  
Second Assignment after two months)

One Class Test : 5%  
(One period duration)

Attendance : 5%

Marks of attendance will be given as under:
(1) 91 % onwards : 5 Marks
(2) 81% to 90% : 4Marks
(3) 75% to 80% : 3Marks
(4) 70 % to 75% : 2Marks*
(5) 65 % to 70% : 1Mark*

* For students engaged in co-curricular activities of the colleges only/authenticated medical grounds duly approved by the concerned Principal.

Time: - 3 Hrs.

Note for paper setter:

The question paper will consist of four Units, having a set of two questions with internal choice within each unit. The candidate will be required to answer one question from each unit. However, one compulsory question of short answer type would be set from the entire syllabus comprising eight sub-questions of two marks each under 5th unit. All questions will carry equal marks.

Papers and their nomenclature for Six Semesters degree course

B.A. 1st Semester Basic Concepts in Sociology
B.A. 2nd Semester Society, Culture and Social Change
B.A. 3rd Semester Methods in Social Research
B.A. 4th Semester

Optional Papers *

i) Indian Society
ii) Social Problems in India
iii) Social Change and Development

* The candidate will have to opt for only one optional paper amongst the three papers listed above.

B.A. 5th Semester Foundations of Social Thought
B.A. 6th Semester

Optional Papers *

i) Population Studies
ii) Society and Environment

iii) Rural Society: Structure and Change

* The candidate will have to opt for only one optional paper amongst the three papers listed above.
B.A.I - 1st Semester
Basic Concepts in Sociology

Note: - The Paper setter shall set 8 questions from all four units with internal choice. However, one compulsory question of short answer type would be set from the entire syllabus comprising eight sub-questions of two marks each under 5th Unit. Such way, the examinees are required to attempt five questions in all, of 16 marks each.

UNIT – I
Sociology: Nature, Scope and Significance; Relationship with History, Economics, Political Science, Anthropology and Psychology

UNIT – II
Basic Concepts: Society, Community, Association, Social Structure, Status & Role, Norms and Values

UNIT – III

UNIT – IV
Social Institutions: Marriage, Family, Kinship and Religion; Their Functions and Features

Readings:
B.A.I - 2nd Semester
Society, Culture and Social Change

Maximum Marks – 100
Theory – 80
Internal Assessment – 20
Time – 3 hours

Note: - The Paper setter shall set 8 questions from all four units with internal choice. However, one compulsory question of short answer type would be set from the entire syllabus comprising eight sub-questions of two marks each under 5th Unit. Such way, the examinees are required to attempt five questions in all, of 16 marks each.

UNIT – I
Societies: Types and Characteristics- Tribal, Rural, Urban, Industrial and Post-Industrial.

UNIT – II

UNIT – III
Processes of Social Change: Characteristic Features of Industrialization, Modernization, Globalization and Secularization

UNIT – IV
Social Stratification: Concept and Bases; Forms- Caste, Class, Power & Gender

Readings:


B.A.II- 3rd Semester
Methods in Social Research

Maximum Marks – 100
Theory – 80
Internal Assessment – 20
Time – 3 hours

Note: - The Paper setter shall set 8 questions from all four units with internal choice. However, one compulsory question of short answer type would be set from the entire syllabus comprising eight sub-questions of two marks each under 5th Unit. Such way, the examinees are required to attempt five questions in all, of 16 marks each.

UNIT – I
Social Research: Definition, Nature and purpose; Steps in Social Research; Problem of Objectivity and Subjectivity in Social Research

UNIT – II
Research Method: Research Designs; Social Survey; Hypothesis- Types & significance; Sampling and Sampling Procedure

UNIT – III
Techniques of Data Collection: Types of Data; Techniques- Observation, Interview, Questionnaire, Schedule and Case Study

UNIT – IV
Statistical Analysis and Use of Computer in Social Research: Classification and Tabulation of data; Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median and Mode; Use of Computers in Social Research.

Readings:

B.A.II - 4th Semester
Indian Society
(Optional-I)

Maximum Marks – 100
Theory – 80
Internal Assessment – 20
Time – 3 hours

Note: - The Paper setter shall set 8 questions from all four units with internal choice. However, one compulsory question of short answer type would be set from the entire syllabus comprising eight sub-questions of two marks each under 5th Unit. Such way, the examinees are required to attempt five questions in all, of 16 marks each.

UNIT – I
Evolution of Indian Society: Traditional bases of Indian Society; Unity and Diversity in India; India as a Pluralistic Society.

UNIT – II
Indian Social Institutions: Kinship, Family, Marriage; Caste and its Changing Dimensions.

UNIT – III
Processes of Social Change in India: Sanskritization, Westernization, Parochiatization and Universatization

UNIT – IV
Social Issues and Problems: Gender Discrimination, Secularism and Religious Minorities, Problems of Dalits Women and OBC and Affirmative Actions

Readings:
Beteille, Andre (1992): Backward Classes in Contemporary India, New Delhi: OUP.
India: 2010 Govt. of India, New Delhi, Govt. of India publication division.
B.A. II - 4th Semester
Social Problems in India
(Optional-II)

Maximum Marks – 100
Theory – 80
Internal Assessment – 20
Time – 3 hours

Note: - The Paper setter shall set 8 questions from all four units with internal choice. However, one compulsory question of short answer type would be set from the entire syllabus comprising eight sub-questions of two marks each under 5th Unit. Such way, the examinees are required to attempt five questions in all, of 16 marks each.

UNIT – I
Social Problem: Meaning and Definition; Importance of the Study of Social Problems; Sociological Perspectives on Social Problem-Anomie (Durkheim), Differential Association (Sutherland), Labeling (Becker).

UNIT – II
Structural Issues: Inequality of Caste, Class Gender and Ethnicity; Communalism; Problems of Minorities.

UNIT – III
Problems and Issues: Female Foeticide, Dowry, Domestic Violence, Divorce; Problems of Aged.

UNIT – IV
Social Disorganization: Crime and Juvenile Delinquency, Corruption, Drug Addiction, Suicide, Prostitution and AIDS

Readings:
Beteille, Andre (1992): Backward Classes in Contemporary India, New Delhi: OUP
Note: - The Paper setter shall set 8 questions from all four units with internal choice. However, one compulsory question of short answer type would be set from the entire syllabus comprising eight sub-questions of two marks each under 5th Unit. Such way, the examinees are required to attempt five questions in all, of 16 marks each.

Unit – 1
Social Change: Concept, Forms and Factors; Concept and Features of Development.

Unit – II
Theories of Social Change: Linear (Spencer), Cyclical (Pareto), Fluctuation (Sorokin); Conflict Theory (Marx)

Unit – III
Social Change in Contemporary India: Trends and Processes of Change – Sanskritisation, Westernisation, Modernisation and Secularisation

Unit – IV
Development Programmes in India: Development Programme in India; The Five Year Plans, Community Development Programme, Panchayat Raj; Impact of new Panchayati Raj on Women Empowerment

Readings:
Moor, Wilbert and Robert Cook. (1967), Social Change. New Delhi: Prentice-Hall (India)
N.Long (1977), An Introduction to the Sociology of Rural Development, Tavistock Publications;London
B.A. III– 5th Semester  
Foundations of Social Thought

Maximum Marks – 100  
Theory – 80  
Internal Assessment – 20  
Time – 3 hours

Note: - The Paper setter shall set 8 questions from all four units with internal choice. However, one compulsory question of short answer type would be set from the entire syllabus comprising eight sub-questions of two marks each under 5th Unit. Such way, the examinees are required to attempt five questions in all, of 16 marks each.

UNIT – I  
**Positivism**: Comte’s Law of three stages, Social Static & Dynamics, Evolutionism- Spencer’s Evolutionary Approach

UNIT – II  
**Functionalism**: Durkheims’ Concept of Social Fact, Division of labour in Society; Radcliffe Brown’s Structural-Functional Approach

UNIT – III  
**Conflict**: Marx’s concept of Dialectical Historical Materialism, Class & Class Conflict; Coser’s Approach to Social Conflict

UNIT – IV  
**Interactionalism**: Weber’s Interpretative Sociology; Types of Social Action; G.H.Mead’s Concept of Self & Society

Readings:  
Fletcher, Ronald (1994): **The Making of Sociology (Two Volumes)**, Jaipur: Rawat Publication
B.A. III 6th Semester
Population Studies
(Optional-I)

Maximum Marks – 100
Theory – 80
Internal Assessment – 20
Time – 3 hours

Note: - The Paper setter shall set 8 questions from all four units with internal choice. However, one compulsory question of short answer type would be set from the entire syllabus comprising eight sub-questions of two marks each under 5th Unit. Such way, the examinees are required to attempt five questions in all, of 16 marks each.

UNIT – I
Population Studies: Meaning, Scope and Significance; Demographic Processes: Fertility, Mortality and Migration

UNIT – II
Population Theories: Malthusian, Demographic Transition and Optimum Population Theory

UNIT – III
Population Composition in India: Age Structure, Sex-Ratio, Rural-Urban Composition, Literacy in India

UNIT – IV
Population Planning and Control: Needs and Objectives; Population Policy of India, National Rural Health Mission

Readings:
National Rural Health Mission (2006), Govt. of India, New Delhi.
B.A.III – 6th Semester
Environment and Society
(Optional-II)  Maximum Marks – 100
Theory – 80
Internal Assessment – 20
Time – 3 hours

Note: - The Paper setter shall set 8 questions from all four units with internal choice. However, one compulsory question of short answer type would be set from the entire syllabus comprising eight sub-questions of two marks each under 5th Unit. Such way, the examinees are required to attempt five questions in all, of 16 marks each.

UNIT – I
Environment and its Concepts: Ecology, Eco-system, Environment and Society – their inter-relations; Eco-Feminism

UNIT – II
Environmental Issues: Sustainable Development, Industrialization and Development, Urbanization and Development, Environmental Degradation

UNIT – III

UNIT – IV
Contemporary Environmental Problems: Problems of Water, Deforestation, Urban Wastes, Slums, Global-Warming and Climate Change.

Readings:
Albrow, Martin & Elizabeth King (Ed.), (1990), Globalisation, Knowledge and Society, Sage: London
Baviskar. Amita (1995), In the Valley of the River: Tribal Conflict over Development in the Narmada Valley, Delhi: OUP.
Gadgil, Madhav & Ram Chandra. Guha (1996), Ecology and Equity: The use and Abuse of Nature in contemporary India:: New Delhi: OUP.
B.A.III – 6th Semester
Rural Society: Structure and Change
(Optional-III) Maximum Marks – 100

Note: - The Paper setter shall set 8 questions from all four units with internal choice. However, one compulsory question of short answer type would be set from the entire syllabus comprising eight sub-questions of two marks each under 5th Unit. Such way, the examinees are required to attempt five questions in all, of 16 marks each.

UNIT – I

UNIT – II
Rural Social Structure: Caste and Class in Rural Set Up, Inter Caste Relation with reference to Jajmani System; Rural Family and Changing pattern

UNIT – III
Rural Economy: Land Tenure System, Land Reforms; Green Revolution and Its Impact; Bonded and Migrant Labourers; Major Changes in Rural Society.

UNIT – IV
Rural Political Structure: Traditional Caste and Village Panchayats; Panchayati Raj before and after 73rd Constitutional Amendment, Panchayati Raj and Empowerment of Women

Readings:
Vivek, R.& Bhattacharya (1885) : The New Strategies of Development in Village India,
Metropolitan
Govt. of India (2010): India Year Book 2010: Publication Division, Govt. of India