SCHEME OF EXAMINATION AND SYLLABUS OF THE POST-GRADUATE COURSE IN M.A. - SOUTH ASIAN STUDIES – (SEMESTER SYSTEM) 3rd & 4th Semester,

(W.E.F. the Session 2015-16)

M.A.-South Asian Studies Course shall be a two years Degree Course consisting of four Semesters of 2000 marks. The candidate shall take Five Papers in each Semester, i.e., 20 Papers in the full Course. Each Paper will carry 100 marks out of which 20 marks shall be earmarked for Internal Assessment.

M.A. (Final) South Asian Studies IIIrd Semester

There shall be one Core Paper and Six Optional Papers. The candidate shall take any four optional Papers out of the given list of Six Optional Papers.

M.A. (Final) South Asian Studies IVth, Semester:

There shall be one Core Paper and Six Optional Papers. The candidate shall take any four optional Papers out of the given list of Six Optional Papers.

Note:- The choice of the Optional Papers in M.A. Course shall be determined on the basis of merit. Moreover, the Department shall decide the specific optional papers to be offered to the students in each Semester in a particular year.

M.A. (Final) South Asian Studies, Semester-IIIrd SCHEME OF EXAMINATION W.E.F. The Session 2015-2016

Paper No.	Nomenclature	Int. Ass.	Theory Paper Marks	Total Marks	Time		
Core Papers							
Paper- XV	Post-Colonial Historiography on South Asia	20	80	100	3 Hrs.		
Optional Papers							
Paper-XVI	Agrarian Economy in South Asia	20	80	100	3 Hrs.		
Paper-XVII	State and Government in South Asia	20	80	100	3 Hrs.		
Paper-XVIII	Regional Studies : Punjab	20	80	100	3 Hrs.		
Paper-XIX	Society, Culture and Ethnicity in South Asia	20	80	100	3 Hrs.		
Paper-XX	Religions in South Asia: Philosophy and	20	80	100	3 Hrs.		
	Practices						
Paper-XXI	International Relations of South Asian	20	80	100	3 Hrs.		
	Countries						

SEMESTER – IVth

Paper No.	Nomenclature	Int Ass.	Theory Paper Marks	Total Marks	Time
Core Papers					
Paper-XXII	Theories of Area Studies and International	20	80	100	3 Hrs.
	Relations				
Optional Paper	S				
Paper- XXIII	Industrial Economy in South Asia	20	80	100	3 Hrs.
Paper-XXIV	Politics in South Asia	20	80	100	3 Hrs.
Paper-XXV	Regional Studies : Haryana	20	80	100	3 Hrs.
Paper-XXVI	Islam in Modern South Asia	20	80	100	3 Hrs.
Paper-XXVII	Gender and Society in South Asia	20	80	100	3 Hrs.
Paper-XXVIII	Globalization and South Asia	20	80	100	3 Hrs.

(Prof. Amarjit Singh) Chairman

Paper – XV (Core Paper): Post-Colonial Historiography on South Asia

Marks: 80

Internal Assessment: 20

Time: 3 Hours

- Note: The question paper will consist of nine questions. The candidate shall attempt *five* questions in all. Question No. 1 will be *compulsory*, which will consist of four short conceptual / thematic questions of equal marks (i.e. 4 marks each) spread over the whole syllabus. The candidate shall attempt *four* more questions, selecting at least *one* from each Unit. Each question will carry equal marks (i.e. 16 marks).
- Unit -1 **Historical Approaches on India**: Marxist Approach: State and Nationalism; Subaltern Historiography: Characteristics and Trends, its Perceptions over Caste and Tribal Issues; Progressive Historiography: Nation Building, National Movements and Political Parties
- Unit-2. **Historical Approaches on Bangladesh:** Historical Paradox in dealing with Bangladeshi Nationalism and Bengali Nationalism, Muslim Nation and Secular Nation; Marxist Historiography: State, Leadership, Secularism and Fundamentalism
- Unit-3. **Historical Approaches on Pakistan:** New Cambridge Historiography: Nationalism, Communalism and Partition; Nationalist History Writing in Pakistan: Trends and Characteristics; Marxist Interpreting of Nationalism, Communalism, State and Political Institutions
- Unit 4. **Historical Approaches on Sri-Lanka:** Ethnic Issues and Differences in Historical Narrations; Nationalist Historiography in Sri-Lanka: Characteristics and Trends; Marxist Historiography: State, Religion, Conflict- Reconciliation

Suggested Readings

Afzal, M. Rafique, *Pakistan: History and Politics*

Ali, B. Sheikh, History: Its Theory and Method

Ali, Imran, Punjab Under Imperialism

Aziz, K.K., Making of the Pakistan

Barns H.D., A History of Historical Writings

Bayly, C. A., Origins of Nationality in South Asia

Bentley, Michael (ed.), A Companion to Historiography

Bradburn, N.M. and Sudman S., Improving Interview Method and Questionnaire Design

Buddha Prakash, Itihas Darshan (Hindi)

Burtens, Hans, The Idea of Post Modern: A History

Carr, E.H,. What is History?

Chandra, Bipan, *India's Struggle for Independence*

Chandra, Bipan, India Since Independence

Clark Stuart, The Annals Historians

Comte Auguse, The Course of Positivsit Philosophy

Elton, G.R., Practice of History

Gardener Patrick, Theories of History

Guha, R.C., Subaltern Studies, Vol. I-VI

Helt Robert T and Turne E. Jhon, The Methodology of Comparative Method

Hughes Warrington, Fifty Key Thinkers on History

Jenkins Keith, Post Modern History Reader

Johnson, Allen, Historian and Historical Evidence

Khan, Yashmin, The Great Divide: The Making of India and Pakistan

Knors K Chitina, Advances in Social Theory and Methodology

Ladurie, L. R., Territory of the Historian

Leonard, M.M., The Nature of Historical Inquiry

Marwick, Aurther, The Nature of History

Marwick, Aurther, What History Is and Why It is Important?

Rath Sharda, Methods in Political and Social Research

Sarkar, Sumit, Modern India

Sridharan E., A *Text Book of Historiography*

Sridharan, E., Itihas Lekh (Hindi)

Talbot Ian, Pakistan: A Modern History

Talbot Ian, and Gurharpal Singh, The Partition of India

Topoloski Jarzy, Methodology of History

Wiggery, G.A., The Meaning of History

William H.S., The Modern Historians

Paper – XVI (Optional Paper): Agrarian Economy in South Asia

Marks: 80

Internal Assessment: 20

Time: 3 Hours

Note: - The question paper will consist of nine questions. The candidate shall attempt *five* questions in all. Question No. 1 will be *compulsory*, which will consist of four short conceptual / thematic questions of equal marks (i.e. 4 marks each) spread over the whole syllabus. The candidate shall attempt *four* more questions, selecting at least *one* from each Unit. Each question will carry equal marks (i.e. 16 marks).

- UNIT I- Agrarian History of South Asia: Agrarian Structure and Land Relations in Colonial India; Commercialization of Agriculture; Rural Indebtedness; Decline of Handicraft Industry; Frequencies of Famines
- UNIT II- Economic Growth and Poverty in South Asia: Changing Agrarian Structure in South Asia: A Comparative Study; Food Security in South Asia; Land Reforms in South Asia; Poverty and Income Distribution in Rural Societies: Theories and Models; Green Revolution and its Impact

UNIT III
Nature and Problems of Rural Development in South Asia: State of Rural
Development in South Asia; Policies to Health and Education: Effect on
Development; Strategies for Rural Industrialization; The New Economic
Policy and Indian Agriculture; Gender and Caste Discrimination in South
Asia: Theories and Perspectives

UNIT IV: Rural Poverty Alleviation and Employment Programmes in South Asia:
Rural Poverty Alleviation and Employment Programmes / Schemes in South
Asia: A Comparative Study; Concept of National Happy Index in Bhutan;
Problem of Economic Reconstruction in Afghanistan; Working of
International Agencies for Rural Development in South Asia

Suggested Readings

Ahmed Sadiq. (ed.), *Promoting Economic Cooperation in South Asia*, New Delhi, Sage, 2010.

Behera, Navnita Chadha. (ed.), *International Relations in South Asia: Search for an Alternative Perspective*, New Delhi, Sage, 2008.

Bose, Sugata and Ayesha Jalal. *Modern South Asia: History, Culture, Political Economy. New* Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1997.

David N. Balaam and Michael Veseth., "What is IPE" in *Introduction to International Political Economy*, New Jersey, Pretice Hall, 2001.

Desai, A.R. (ed.), *Peasant Struggles in India*, Bombay: Oxford University Press, 1979.

Garmer B.H., An Introduction to South Asia, London, Routledge, 1993.

GhoshPartha., Cooperation and Conflict in South Asia, New Delhi, Manohar, 1995.

Jalal, Ayesha,. *Democracy and authoritarianism in South Asia: A comparative and historical perspective*, U.K., Cambridge University Press, 1995.

John Baylis and Steve Smith. (ed.), *The Globalization of World Politics*, (4th edition), Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2007.

Khan, Shaheen Rafi. (ed.), Regional Trade Integration and Conflict Resolution, Routledge, 2009.

Kodikara Shelton U. (ed.), External Compulsions of South Asian Politics, New Delhi, Sage, 1993.

Nizamani, Haider, K. *The Roots of Rhetoric: Politics of Nuclear Weapons in India and Pakistan*, New Delhi, India Research Press, 2001.

Paswan, Nawal K, Agricultural Trade in South Asia: Potential and Policy Options (New Delhi: APH Publications, 2003).

Regional Energy Security for South Asia, Regional Report. Available at: www.sarienergy.org

Shelton, Kodikara, U. (ed.), South Asian Strategic Issues, New Delhi, Sage, 1990.

Stern Robert W., *Democracy and Dictatorship in South Asia*, New Delhi, India Research Press, 2001.

Cohen Stephen. (2006): The Idea of Pakistan, Brookings Institution Press; 2nd edition.

Yunus Mohammed, Parmar Aradhana. *South Asia: A Historical Narrative*, Karachi, Oxford University Press, 2006.

Chandra Bipan, *The Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India*, Anamika Publishers and distributors 2004.

Paper – XVII (Optional Paper): State and Government in South Asia

Marks: 80
Internal Assessment: 20

Time: 3 Hours

Note: - The question paper will consist of nine questions. The candidate shall attempt *five* questions in all. Question No. 1 will be *compulsory*, which will consist of four short conceptual / thematic questions of equal marks (i.e. 4 marks each) spread over the whole syllabus. The candidate shall attempt *four* more questions, selecting at least *one* from each Unit. Each question will carry equal marks (i.e. 16 marks).

- UNIT I Sri-Lanka and Nepal: Sri Lanka- Challenges in State Consolidation and Minority Integration; Government Structure in Sri-Lanka; Government Structure in Nepal; Rebellion and State Formation in Nepal; Political Institutions and Government Processes in Nepal
- **UNIT II Bangladesh:** Theories of "A Weak State" with Multiple Security Challenges; Political Culture and Heritage; Government Institutions; Political Parties and Interest Groups, Media; Role of Judiciary and Military
- UNIT III Pakistan and Afghanistan: Theories of 'Garrison State; Political Culture and Heritage; Constitutional Structure; Political Parties and Army; Political Parties and Interest Groups in Afghanistan; Ethnic Conflict and threat to Fundamentalism
- UNIT IV India: Security Challenges in Contemporary India; Political Culture and Heritage, Political Institutions; Government Processes and Governance; Major Political Parties and Electoral Politics; Modernization and Development

Suggested Readings

Baxter C. et al edited. Government and Politics in South Asia. Boulder, Westview, 1987.

Bestsch Gary K. et al. eds., Engaging India: US Strategic Relations with the World's Largest Democracy. New York, Routledge, 1999.

Bose Sugata and Ayesha Jalal., *Modern South Asia: History, Culture, Political Economy*. New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1997.

Chilty Naren, Framing South Asia Transformations. New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 1994.

Garmer B.H., An Introduction to South Asia. London, Routledge, 1993.

Ghosh Partha S., Cooperation and Conflict in South Asia. New Delhi, Manohar, 1995.

Iftekhar Uzzaman (ed.), Ethnicity and Constitutional Reform in South Asia. New Delhi, Manohar, 1998.

Jalal, Ayesha., *Democracy and authoritarianism in South Asia: A comparative and historical perspective*. U.K., Cambridge University Press, 1995.

Kodikara Shelton U. (ed.), External Compulsions of South Asian Politics. New Delhi, Sage, 1993.

Malik, Yogendra, K. (ed.), *Government and Politics in South Asia*, (Sixth edition), USA, Westview Press, 2008.

Nizamani, Haider, K., *The Roots of Rhetoric: Politics of Nuclear Weapons in India and Pakistan.* New Delhi, India Research Press, 2001.

Shelton, Kodikara, U. (ed.), South Asian Strategic Issues. New Delhi, Sage, 1990.

Stern Robert W., *Democracy and Dictatorship in South Asia*. New Delhi, India Research Press, 2001.

Paper – XVIII (Optional Paper) : Regional Studies : Punjab

Marks: 80
Internal Assessment: 20

Time: 3 Hours

- Note: The question paper will consist of nine questions. The candidate shall attempt *five* questions in all. Question No. 1 will be *compulsory*, which will consist of four short conceptual / thematic questions of equal marks (i.e. 4 marks each) spread over the whole syllabus. The candidate shall attempt *four* more questions, selecting at least *one* from each Unit. Each question will carry equal marks (i.e. 16 marks).
- Unit I **18th and 19th Century Punjab**: Military Activities of Banda Singh Bahadur, Establishment of First Sikh State and Execution of Banda Singh Bahadur; Rise of Ranjit Singh; Ranjit Singh and his relations with Sikh Misls; Ranjit Singh and the British; Land Revenue and Military System under Ranjit Singh
- Unit II **Colonial Punjab**: First Anglo Sikh War; Second Anglo Sikh War; Anexation of the Punjab; Board of Administration; Sir John Lawrence and Punjab; Punjab and the Uprising of 1857; Activities of Christian Missanories; Introduction of Modern Education
- Unit III **Socio-Economic Changes**: Arya Smaj Movement; Kuka Movement; Singh Sabha Movement; Establishment of Canal Calonies and Agrarian Changes; Agrarian; Uprising of 1907; Guradawara Reform Movement
- Unit IV **National Movement and Punjab :** Rawlat Satyagrah and Jalianwala Bagh Masacare; Non Cooperation Movement; Civil Disobedence Movement; Quit India Movement; Revolutionary Movement in 1920s; Muslim Communal Politics; Provincial Elections of 1946; Provincial Politics and the Partition of Punjab

Suggested Readings:

Alam, Muzaffar Crisis of Empire in Mughal North India; Awadh and the Punjab,

1707-48, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1986

Ali, Imran The Punjab under Imperialism. 1890-1947, Delhi : Oxford

Univesity Press, 1989

Banerjee, Himadri Agrarian Society of the Punjab (1849-1901), New Delhi, Manohar

1982

Banga Indu (ed.) Five Punjabi Centuries: Polity, Economy, Society and Culture

1500-1900, New Delhi, Manohar 2000

Banga, Indu Agrarian System of the Sikhs, New Delhi, Manohar, 1978

Fauja Singh State and Society under Ranjit Singh, Delhi: Master Publishers,

1982

Ganda Singh Baha Banda Singh Bahadur, Sarhind : Sarhind Historical

Research Society, 1976

Grewal, J.S. The Sikhs of the Punjab, New Cambridge History of India, New

Delhi, Orient Longman, Foundation Books, 1998

Grewal, J.S. & banga, Punjab in Prosperity and Violence, 1947-1997, New Delhi, K.K.

Indu (eds.) Publishers, 1998 (Essays on Demographic Change, Urbanization,

Dalits and Women

Grewal, J.S., Maharaja Ranjit Singh Polity, Economy and Society, Amritsar;

Guru Nanak Dev University, 2001

Mahajan Ganeshi Congress Politics in the Punjab (1885-1947), New Delhi,

K.K.Publishers, 2002

Mc Leod, W.h. Sikhs and Sikhism, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2000

Mittal, S.C. Freedom Movement in the Punjab

Mohan, Kamlesh Militant Nationalism in the Punjab, New Delhi, Manohar, 1985

Rai, Satya. M., Legislative Politics and Freedom Struggle in Punjab

Saini, B.S. The Social and Economic History of the Punjab, 1901-1939, Delhi

; Ess Ess Publications, 1975

Singh, Amarjit Punjab Divided Politics of Muslim League and Partition 1935-

1947. Kanishka Publishers. New Delhi. 2001

Singh, Amarjit Jinnah and Punjab: Shamsul Hasan Collection and Other

Documents, 1943-1947, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi, 2007

William Irvine Later Mughals

Paper – XIX (Optional Paper): Society, Culture and Ethnicity in South Asia

Marks: 80

Internal Assessment: 20

Time: 3 Hours

Note: - The question paper will consist of nine questions. The candidate shall attempt *five* questions in all. Question No. 1 will be *compulsory*, which will consist of four short conceptual / thematic questions of equal marks (i.e. 4 marks each) spread over the whole syllabus. The candidate shall attempt *four* more questions, selecting at least *one* from each Unit. Each question will carry equal marks (i.e. 16 marks).

Unit – I Culture in South Asia: Geography and Emergence of South Asian Cultures: Language Kinship Relations; Family and Household, Gender and Personhood; Urban and Rural Life in South Asian Societies

Unit – II Society in South Asia: Institutions of Caste in South Asia; The transition in Caste System in India: Theory and in Practice; Social Transformation and

Social Change in India; Caste Mobilization and Anti-Caste Movements in India; Policy of Affirmative Actions and Its impact in India

- Unit III Class in South Asia: Class Formation in Pakistan; Interrelation in Caste and Class in Pakistan; Worker Organizations and Working Class Movements in Pakistan; Peasant and Tribal Movements in Pakistan; Role of Middle Class in Pakistan Society and Politics
- **Unit IV Ethnicity in South Asia**: Ethnicity and Social Conflict in Sri Lanka: Historical Perspective; Ethnic Problems in contemporary India; Ethnicity Problems in Pakistan; Ethnicity Problems Sri Lanka

Suggested Readings

Ahmed, Imtiaz; Dasgupta, Abhijit; Kerkhoff, Kathinka; Sinha, *State, Society and Displaced People in South Asia* (Bangladesh, The University Press Ltd., 2004).

Allen, Douglas, ed., Religion and Political Conflict in South Asia: India, Pakistan, and Sri Lanka (Praeger/Greenwood, 1992).

Baral, Lok Raj, Nepal Problems of Governance (New Delhi, Konark publishers, 1993).

Baxter, Charles; Malik, Yogendra, Kennedy, Charles, and Oberst, Robert, Government and *Politics in South Asia* (Boulder, Westview (fifth edition), 2002).

Baxter, Craig, Government and Politics in South Asia (London, Westview Press, 2001).

Brass, Paul, *The Politics of India since Independence* (Cambridge, (second edition), 1994).

Brass, Paul R., and Franda, Marcus F. (eds.), *Radical Politics in South Asia* (Cambridge, MIT Press, 1974).

Breckenridge, Carol; Appadurai and Veer, Peter van der, eds., *Orientals and the Postcolonial Predicament: Perspectives on South Asia* (Philadelphia, University of Pennsylvania Press, 1993).

Chadda, Maya, Building Democracy in South Asia (New Delhi, Vistaar Publications, 2000).

Cohen, Stephen, *The Idea of Pakistan* (Washington, Brookings, 2004).

Gellner, David N., Resistance and the State Nepalese Experiences (New Delhi, Social Science Press).

Iftekharuzzaman, Ethnicity and Constitutional Reforms in South Asia (New Delhi, Manohar, 1998).

Jalal, Ayesha, Democracy and Authoritarianism in South Asia (New Delhi, 1995).

Jetley, Nancy (ed.), Regional Security in South Asia (New Delhi, 1999). Johan,

J.C., Governments and Politics of South Asia (New Delhi, Sterling, 1991).

Kabir, Muhammad Ghulam, Changing Face of Nationalism: The Case of Bangladesh (Dhaka, University Press Limited, 1994).

Kejariwal, O.P., *The Afghanistan Crisis Problems and Perspectives* (New Delhi, Nehru Memorial museum and Library, 2002).

Mitra, S.K.andRothermund, Dietmer, eds., *Legitimacy and Conflict in South Asia* (Delhi, Manohar, 1998).

Muni, S.D, Understanding South Asia (New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 1994).

Sinha, R.P. and Dandekar, Surya, *South Asian Politics: Ideological and Institutions* (New Delhi, Kanishka, 1998).

Stern, Robert W., Democracy and Dictatorship in South Asia Dominant Classes and Political Outcomes in India, Pakistan, and Bangladesh (London, Praeger, 2004).

Paper - XX (Optional Paper): Religions in South Asia: Philosophy and Practices

Marks: 80

Internal Assessment: 20

Time: 3 Hours

Note: - The question paper will consist of nine questions. The candidate shall attempt *five* questions in all. Question No. 1 will be *compulsory*, which will consist of four short conceptual / thematic questions of equal marks (i.e. 4 marks each) spread over the whole syllabus. The candidate shall attempt *four* more questions, selecting at least *one* from each Unit. Each question will carry equal marks (i.e. 16 marks).

- **Unit I: Earlier Traditions**: Religion in Harappan Civilization; Vedic Religion; Early Philosophical Traditions: Upanishad, Teaching of Bhagavad Gita; Various Ramayana traditions in South Asia
- Unit II: Religious Movements in Ancient South Asia: Lord Budda and Introduction of Early Buddhism: Perspective and Philosophy; Spread of Buddhism in South Asia and Impact on Art and Architecture; Introduction to Jainism and its Philosophy
- Unit III: Religion in Medieval South Asia: Devotional movements in North and South India Alawar and Nyanar; Bhakti Movement and Sufi Movement and its Impact on South Asia; Guru Nanak and Rise of Sikhism, Philosophy of Sikhism and Its Impact
- **Unit IV: Modern Religions**: The Hindu Way of Life; Popular Forms of Hindu Worship; Hinduism and Sikhism in Global perspective; Conversion movements: Christian and Neo-Buddhists

Suggested Books:

Tilak, B.G Gita Rahasya.

Sharma, I.C. Ethical Philosophies of India

Brahma, N.K, Philosophy of the Hindu Sadhana.

Hiriyanna, M., The Indian Conception of Values.

Prasad, R. Niskama Karma and Practical Morality.

Sri Aurobindo : Essays on the Gita. S.K. Maitra : The Ethics of the Hindus.

Verma, V.P, Dharma Darshan ki MulSamsyaen.

Thompson, A Modern Philosophy of Religion.

Swami Vivekananda: Complete Works (relevant chapters)

Lal, B.K. Contemporary Indian Philosophy. (Hindi version also available)

Paper – XXI (Optional Paper): International Relations of South Asian Countries

Marks: 80

Internal Assessment: 20

Time: 3 Hours

Note: - The question paper will consist of nine questions. The candidate shall attempt *five* questions in all. Question No. 1 will be *compulsory*, which will consist of four short conceptual / thematic questions of equal marks (i.e. 4 marks each) spread over the whole syllabus. The candidate shall attempt *four* more questions, selecting at least *one* from each Unit. Each question will carry equal marks (i.e. 16 marks).

- **Unit I South Asia and Major Powers**: Geo-strategy of South Asia and Interests of Superpowers in South Asia; India's Relations with Russia and America; Pakistan and America; Bangladesh and America; Sri- Lanka and America
- Unit II South Asia and China: 'String of Pearls' of China and South Asia; China's South Asia Policy; Sino- Pakistan Strategic Cooperation; Sino-India Cooperation and Conflicts; Sino- Bangladesh Relations; China's Engagement with Nepal
- **Unit III South Asia and its Intra Relations:** Indo-Pak Relations; Pakistan and Bangladesh Relation; Pakistan- Afghanistan and India: A triangle; Bangladesh and India Relation; Sri-Lanka and India
- Unit IV

 South Asia and International Agencies: India's Relation with UN and its Demand to reforms in Security Council; UN in Reconstruction of Afghanistan, UN and Sri Lanka Conflict; World Bank, IMF and South Asia; International Environmental Organizations and South Asia's Response

Suggested Readings

Appadorai, A., *National Interest and Non-Alignment* (New Delhi: Kalinga Publications, 1999).

Axford, *The Global System: Economics, Politics and Culture* (Cambridge: Polity Press, 1995).

Ayood, Mohammad, ed., Conflict and Intervention in the Third World (New Delhi: Vikas, 1990).

Bajpai, Kanti P., Roots of Terrorism (New Delhi: Penguin Books, 2000).

Brown, C., *International Relations in a Changing Global System* (Coloraro: University Press, 1992).

Chan, S. and Mandaville, P. G. eds., *The Zen of International Relations* (Hampshire, Macmillan, 2001).

Chomsky, N., World Order: Old and New (London: Pluto Press, 1994).

Clard, I., Globalization and Fragmentation: International Relations in the Twentieth Century (Oxford University Press, 1997).

Cohen, R. and Kennedy, P., *Global Sociology* (London: St. Martin Press, 1999).

Coplin, W. D., Introduction to International Politics (Chicago: Markham, 1971).

Couloumbis and Wolf, *Introduction to International Relations* (New Delhi: Prentice Hall, 2000).

Dalton, R. and Kuechler, M., Challenging the Political Order: New Social and Political Movements in Western Democracies (Cambridge: Polity, 1990).

Bueno, M. and Lalman, D., *The Anarchical Society: A Study of Order in World Politics* (London: Macmillan, 1977).

Frankel, J., The Making of Foreign Policy (London: Oxford University Press, 1963).

Gilbert, P., Terrorism, Security and Nationality (London, and New York: Routledge, 1995).

Goldman, Alllan and Goldman, K., eds., *The End of the Cold* War (Dordrecht: Martinus Nijhoff, 1992).

Halliday, F., Revolution and World Politics: The Rise and Fall of the Sixth Great Power, (Basingstoke: Macmillan, 1999).

Harshe, R. G., Twentieth Century Imperialism: Shifting Contours and Changing Conceptions (New Delhi: Sage, 1997).

Hobson, J. M., *The State and International Relations* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2000).

Jackson, Robert and Sorensen, George, *Introduction to International Relations* (New York, Oxford University Press, 1999).

Jha, Nalini Kant, *Domestic Imperatives in India's Foreign Policy* (New Delhi: South Asian Publishrs, 2002).

Jha, Nalini Kant, South Asia in 21st Century: India, Her Neighbours and Great Powers (New Delhi: South Asian Publishers, 2003).

Jha, Nalini Kant (ed.), *India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World* (New Delhi: South Asian Publishers, 2000).

Kegley, C. W. and Wittkopt, E. R., *World Politics: Trends and Transformation* (New York: St. Martin"s Press, 1995).

Keohane, R. O., and Ostrom, E. eds., *Local Commons and Global Interdependence: Heterogeneity and Co-operation in Two Domains* (London: Sage, 1994).

Nayar, Deepak, *Governing Globalization* (New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2002). International Relations: Then and Now (London, Harper Collins Academic, 1991).

P, Taylor, International Organization in Modern World (London: Printers, 1995).

Rajan, M. S., Non-Alignment and the Non-Aligned Movement in the Present World Order (Delhi: Konark, 1994).

Raju, AdluriSubramanyam, ed., *Terrorism in South Asia: Views from India* (New Delhi: India Research Press, 2004).

Rosenau, J. N., *The Scientific Study of Foreign Policy* (Princeton NJ: Princeton University Press, 1980).

Russett, B. M. and Starr, H., *Grasping the Democratic Peace: Principles for a Post-Cold War World* (Princeton NJ: Princeton University Press, 1993).

Williams, M., *Third World Co-operation: The Group of 77 in UNCTAD* (London, Frances Printer, 1991).

SEMESTER - IVth

Paper No.	Nomenclature	Int Ass.	Theory Paper Marks	Total Marks	Time
Core Papers					
Paper-XXII	Theories of Area Studies and International	20	80	100	3 Hrs.
	Relations				
Optional Paper	S				
Paper- XXIII	Industrial Economy in South Asia	20	80	100	3 Hrs.
Paper-XXIV	Politics in South Asia	20	80	100	3 Hrs.
Paper-XXV	Regional Studies : Haryana	20	80	100	3 Hrs.
Paper-XXVI	Islam in Modern South Asia	20	80	100	3 Hrs.
Paper-XXVII	Gender and Society in South Asia	20	80	100	3 Hrs.
Paper-XXVIII	Globalization and South Asia	20	80	100	3 Hrs.

Paper XXII – (Core Paper): Theories of Area Studies and International Relations

Marks: 80

Internal Assessment: 20

Time: 3 Hours

Note: -

The question paper will consist of nine questions. The candidate shall attempt *five* questions in all. Question No. 1 will be *compulsory*, which will consist of four short conceptual / thematic questions of equal marks (i.e. 4 marks each) spread over the whole syllabus. The candidate shall attempt *four* more questions, selecting at least *one* from each Unit. Each question will carry equal marks (i.e. 16 marks).

Unit – I **Area Studies :** Concept of Area Studies; Main Features of Area Studies, Theories of Area Studies; Approaches of Area Studies.

Unit – II **International Politics :** Realist Theory; Idealist Theory; Decision-making Theory; Systems Theory.

Unit – III
Unit – IV

Strategic Thoughts: Kautilya, Clausewitz; A. T. Mahan; Mackinder, Douhet.

Foreign Policy: Theories of Foreign Policy; Approaches of Foreign Policy making; Domestic Determinants of Foreign Policy; External Determinants of Foreign Policy.

Suggested Readings:

Walter Carlsnaes, Thomas Risse, Beth, A Simmons *Handbook of International Relations*Richard Devetak, Anthony Burke, Jim George, *An Introduction to International Relations*David Shambaugh, Michael Yahuda, *International Relations of Asia*

Professor Mario Telò, International Relations: A European Perspective

Christopher Hill, Michael Smith, International Relations and the European Union

Charles R. Beitz, Political Theory and International Relations

<u>David L. Szanton</u>, The Politics of Knowledge: Area Studies and the Disciplines

Terence Wesley-Smith, Jon D. Goss, Remaking Area Studies: Teaching and Learning Across

Asia and the Pacific Dan C. Hazen, James H. Spohrer Building Area Studies Collections

Mark A. Tessler, Jodi Nachtwey, Anne Banda, Area Studies and Social Science: Strategies

for Understanding Middle East Politics

Sir Hamilton Alexander Rosskeen Gibb, Area Studies Reconsidered

David P. Forsythe, Patrice C. McMahon, Human Rights and Diversity: Area Studies Revisited

Neil L. Waters, Beyond the Area Studies Wars: Toward a New International Studies

Paper – XXIII (Optional Paper): Industrial Economy in South Asia

Marks: 80

Internal Assessment: 20

Time: 3 Hours

Note: - The question paper will consist of nine questions. The candidate shall attempt *five* questions in all. Question No. 1 will be *compulsory*, which will consist of four short conceptual / thematic questions of equal marks (i.e. 4 marks each) spread over the whole syllabus. The candidate shall attempt *four* more questions, selecting at least *one* from each Unit. Each question will carry equal marks (i.e. 16 marks).

- Unit I

 The Colonial Historical Background: Industry and Business in Pre- Colonial India; Business in Colonial Regime: Mercantile Capitalism under East India Company; Caste and Business Communities; Railways and its Economic Impact; Impacts of World War I and World War II on South Asian Industrial Economy
- Unit-II Industrial Development: Foreign Trade and Capital Flows; Foreign Aid in the Region; Imperatives of Reviving Intra-Regional and Inter-Regional Trade Routes; Urban Poverty and Regional Economic Imbalances in South Asia
- Unit -III Urbanization, Migration and Regional Development: Urbanization in South Asia; The International Migration Process and Labour Mobility; Inter-State Study of Human Development in India with special reference to Punjab and Haryana; Environment and Development—Growth-Environment Linkage
- Unit-IV Human Development: Measuring Human Development: UNDP Human Development Index, Limitations of the Index; Human Development Index: India, Pakistan, Bangladesh and Nepal

Suggested Readings

Ahmed, Sadiq, at al, *Promoting Economic Cooperation in South Asia-Beyond SAFTA* (New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2010).

Desai, Meghnad, Development and Nationhood: Essays in the Political Economy of South Asia (New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2005).

Jairath, Jasveen and Ballabh, Vishwa, *Droughts and Integrated Water Resource Management in South Asia* (New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2008).

Jha, Nalini Kant, *Nation Building and Peace in South Asia* (New Delhi:Har-Anand Publications, 2009)

Jha, Raghbendra, *Economic Growth, Economic Performance and Welfare in South Asia* (New Delhi: Palgrave, Macmillan Publications, 2005).

Kelegama, Saman, South Asia in the WTO (New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2007).

Khan, Mohsin S., *Economic Development in South Asia* (New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Pub, 2005).

Ludden, David, Agricultural Production and South Asian History (Oxford University Press, 2005).

Ocampo, Jose Antonio, Growth Divergences: *Explaining Differences in Economic Performance* (Orient Black Swan Publications, 2007).

Parikh, Kirit S, *Explaining Growth In South Asia* (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2006).

Rani, Saroj, Regional Economic Integration: A Comparative Study of Central Asian and South Asian Regions (New Delhi: Kalpaz Publications, 2009).

Reddy, K.C. and Devi, T. Nirmala, *WTO and Implications for South Asia* (New Delhi: Serials Publications, 2006).

Sareen, T.R. and Bakshi, S.R., *Socio-Economic and Political Development in South Asia* (Isha Books Publications, 2004).

Sharma S.I, Nation and National Identity in South Asia (New Delhi: Orient Longman, 2001).

Siddiqui, Anjum, *India and South Asia; Economic Developments in the Age of Globalization* (M.E. Sharpe, Inc, 2007).

Siddiqui, Kamal, *Land Management in South Asia: A Comparative Study* (New Delhi: Manohar Publications, 1994).

Singh, Mahavir, Building a New Asia (New Delhi: Shipra Publications, 2005).

Skidelsky, Robert and Christian Wigstrom, Westerlind, *The Economic Crisis and the State of Economics* (New Delhi: Palgrave Macmillan Publications, 2010).

Subrahmanyam, Sanjay, *Land, Politics and Trade in South Asia* (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2004).

Vanaik, Achin, *Globalization and South Asia Multidimensional Perspectives* (New Delhi: Manohar Publications, 2004).

Yong, Tai Tan, *Socio-Political and Economic Challenges in South Asia* (New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2009).

Paper – XXIV (Optional Paper): Politics in South Asia

Marks: 80 Internal Assessment: 20

Time: 3 Hours

Note: - The question paper will consist of nine questions. The candidate shall attempt *five* questions in all. Question No. 1 will be *compulsory*, which will consist of four short

conceptual / thematic questions of equal marks (i.e. 4 marks each) spread over the whole syllabus. The candidate shall attempt *four* more questions, selecting at least *one* from each Unit. Each question will carry equal marks (i.e. 16 marks).

- **Unit I Perspectives of Politics in South Asia:** Contours of Diversity: Geography, Culture People; Debates on Nationalism and Partition of India; Emergence of Nation States; Understanding the Evolution of Modern Politics in the Region
- Unit II Democratic Transformation in South Asia: Constitutional Reforms Under Colonial State in South Asia; Political and Mass Movements in South Asia; Left Movements in Colonial South Asia; Movements of Peasants
- Unit-III Patterns of Politics and Forms of Government: Democratic and Military Forms in Pakistan and Bangladesh; Monarchy in Nepal; Political Infrastructure in India: Parties, State and Role of Opposition
- Unit IV State of The Democratic Institutions in South Asia: State and Working of Judiciary in India; Election Commission in India; Pressure Groups in Pakistan and Bangladesh; Media in South Asia.

Suggested Readings

Barathwal C.P.(ed), Good Governance in India, Deep and Deep Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2003.

Datta, Sreeradha, Bangladesh: A Fragile Democracy (Dhaka: Shipra, 2004).

David, Abecassis, Identity, Islam and Human Development in Rural Bangladesh (Dhaka: UPL, 1990).

Gain, Philip, Bangladesh Environment: Facing 21st Century (Dhaka: SEHD, 1998).

Khan, Akbar Ali, Discovery of Bangladesh: Explorations into Dynamics of A Hidden Nation (Dhaka: UPL, 1996).

Khan, Mizan R and Mohammad Humayun Kabir, Civil Society and Democracy in Bangladesh

Ligschultf, Lawrence, Bangladesh: The Unfinished Revolution (London: Zed, 1979).

Mannan, Abdul Md., Election and Democracy in Bangladesh (Dhaka: Academic Press, 2005). Maniruzzaman, Talukder, Politics and Security of Bangladesh (Dhaka)

Narain, S R Chakravarty Virendra, Bangladesh Domestic Politics (New Delhi: South Asian Pub., 1986). Oldenburg, Marta Nicholas Philip, Bangladesh: the Birth of a Nation (India: M. seshachalam and Company, 1972).

Osmany, Mufleh R, and Muzaffer Ahmad, Security in the Twenty First Century: A Bangladesh Perspective (Dhaka: Academic Press, 2003).

Chakrabarty Bidyut and Mohit Bhattacharya, The Governance Discourse-A Reader, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2008.

Jain, R.B. (ed), Globalization and Good Governance: Pressures for Constructive Reforms, Deep and Deep Publications, New Delhi,2005.

Jha, Nalini Kant ed., Democracy, Nation building and Peace in South Asia: Challenges and Prospects (New Delhi: Har Anand, 2009)

Jha, Nalini Kant ed., Pangs of Transition: South Asia between Hope and Turmoil (New Delhi: Shipra, forthcoming)

Kashyap Subhash C.(ed), Crime and Corruption to Good Governance, Uppal Publishing House, New Delhi, 1997.

Kjaer Anne Mette, Governance, Polity Press, Cambridge, 2004.

Medury Uma, Public Administration in the Globalization Era, Orient Blackswan Private Limited, New Delhi, 2010.

MunshiSurendra and Biju Paul Abraham (eds.) Good Governance, Democratic Societies and Globalization, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2004.

Nischal N Panday and Dev Raj Dahal, Comprehensive Security in South Asia (New Delhi: Manohar, 2006)

Nischal N Panday and Dev Raj Dahal, Nepal's Maoist Movement and Implications for South Asia (New Delhi: Manohar, 2008)

Pierre, John (ed.), Debating Governance: Authority, Steering and Democracy, 2000.

Sahani Pradeepand Uma Medury (eds.), Governance For Development: Issues and Strategies, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi, 2003

Ali, Tariq, Pakistan: Military Rule or People's Power? (London, 1970).

Aziz, K.K., A History of the Idea of the Pakistan (Vol. 1 to 4, Lahore, Vanguard Press, 1987). Baynard, Sally Ann, et al, Afghanistan, A Country Study (Washington, US Government). Bhagat, S. N., Pakistan: Withering State (New Delhi, Vikas Publishers, 1999). Cohen, Stephen P., The Idea of Pakistan (Washington, Brookings, 2004).

Paper – XXV (Optional Paper): Regional Studies: Harvana

Marks: 80 Internal Assessment: 20 Time: 3 Hours

- Note: The question paper will consist of nine questions. The candidate shall attempt *five* questions in all. Question No. 1 will be *compulsory*, which will consist of four short conceptual / thematic questions of equal marks (i.e. 4 marks each) spread over the whole syllabus. The candidate shall attempt *four* more questions, selecting at least *one* from each Unit. Each question will carry equal marks (i.e. 16 marks).
- Unit I **Colonial Haryana**: Establishment of the British Rule in Haryana: Civil, Judicial and Land Revenue Administration, Resistance to the British Rule: The Pre 1857 Risings. The Uprising of 1857: Causes, Nature and Impact; Aftermath of the Revolt: Merger with Punjab and New Administration Setup
- Unit II **Socio-Economic Transition**: Transition in Society: Urban and Rural, Transition in Economy with special reference to Agrarian Change; Growth of Modern Education; Socio-Religious Reform Movements: Arya Samaj and Sanatan Dharam Sabha

Unit – III **National Movement and Haryana**: Emergence of National Consciousness in Haryana; First Phase of National Movement: 1905-1920; Second Phase of National Movement – 1920-1947; Politics of Unionist Party

and the Role of Sir Chhotu Ram; Muslim League and Partition

Unit – IV **Towards and Political Identity**: Partition and Rehabilitation of the Displaced People; Electoral Politics in Haryana, 1947-1966; Growth of Education and Social Changes in Haryana 1947-1966; Struggle for Identity and Creation of Haryana State.

Suggested Readings:

Bajaj, Satish K. Recent Trends in Historiography

Buddha, Prakash Glimpses of Haryana Buddha Prakash Haryana Through the Ages

Chhotu Ram

Darling, Malcolm

Gopal, Madan

Bechara Kisan (Hindi tr. by K.C. Yadav)

Punjab Peasantry in Prosperity and Debt

Sir Chhotu Ram : A Political Biography

Griffin, L.H. The Rajas of Punjab
Gupta, H.R. The Marathas and Panipat

Hussain, Azim Fazl-i-Hussain : A Political Biography

Jagdish Chandra Freedom Movement in Haryana

Jagdish Chandra Gandhi and Haryana

Jones, K.W. Arya Dharma: Hindu Consciousness in the 19th Century

Punjab

Jones, K.W. Socio-Religious Reform Movements in British India

Kayo, Johan Life of Lord Metcalfe, Vols. I-II

William

Kundu, C.L. and Education in Haryana

Udai Shankar

Mittal, S.C. Haryana : A Historical Perspective
Muztar, B.K. Haryana : Political and Cultural
Phadke, H.A. Haryana : Ancient and Medieval

Prem Chaudhury Punjab Politics and the Role of Sir Chhotu Ram

Saini, B.S. Social and Economic History of Punjab

Satish Chandra The Eighteenth Century in India: It Economy and Role of the

Marathas, the Jats, the Sikhs and the Afghans

Sen, S.N. (ed.) Sources of Indian History

Sharma, S.R. *Haryana Ke Swantantrata Sainani* (Hindi)
Shukla, S.P. *Indian Freedom Struggle and the Role of Haryana*

Singh, Amarjit Punjab Divided: Politics of the Muslim League and Partition

1935-1947

Singh, Amarjit Jinnah and Punjab: Shamsul Hasan Collection and Other

Documents, 1943-1947, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi, 2007,

Singh, Chetan Region and Empire: Punjab in the 17th Century

Singh, Fauja History of Punjab

Singh, Pardaman, Freedom Struggle in Haryana and Indian National Congress

and S.P. Shukla 1885-1985

Singh, Ranjit Haryana Ke Arya Samaj Ka Itihas (Hindi)

Talbot, Ian Punjab and the Raj

Tanwar, R. The Politics of Sharing Power: The Punjab Unionist Party

Tanwar, R. Reporting Partition of Punjab 1947: Press, Public and Other

Opinions

Verma, D.C. Sir Chhotu Ram: Life and Times

Yadav, K.C. Haryana: Studies in History and Culture

Yadav, K.C. The Revolt of 1857 in Haryana

Yadav, K.C. Haryana: Itihas Evam Sanskriti (Hindi), Vols. I-II

Paper – XXVI (Optional Paper): Islam in Modern South Asia

Marks: 80

Internal Assessment: 20

Time: 3 Hours

Note: - The question paper will consist of nine questions. The candidate shall attempt *five* questions in all. Question No. 1 will be *compulsory*, which will consist of four short conceptual / thematic questions of equal marks (i.e. 4 marks each) spread over the whole syllabus. The candidate shall attempt *four* more questions, selecting at least *one* from each Unit. Each question will carry equal marks (i.e. 16 marks).

Unit –I Post - Partition Islam: Violence and Partition; Migration and Resettlement; Ethnicity in India and Pakistan; Secularism: The Post Colonial Predicament, Retreat of Secularism, Modernization of Islam: Problems and Perspectives

Unit –II Changing Societies: Introduction of Modern Education vs Madarssa Education, Social Customary laws and Issue of Rights: Fatawa, Buraqa(hizab), Women Right, Personal law in India with special reference Shahbano Case; Sachhar Commission Report- A Debate; Wahabism in South Asia and its impact

Unit–III Politics: State and Islam in Modern South Asia; Political Participation with special reference of Jihad; Islamic Reemergence and fundamentalism after 9/11; America's War on Terror and its Impact on South Asia, Shifting politics of Muslim identity in south Asia

Unit–IV Various Form of Religious Fundamentalism in South Asia: Religious Fundamentalism in Bangladesh; Religious Fundamentalism in Pakistan; Rise of Taliban and Afghanistan; Production of Hindu-Muslim Violence in Post-Colonial India

Suggested Readings

Alavi, Seema Fugitive Mullahs and Outlawed Fanatics': Indian Muslims in

Nineteenth Century Trans-Asiatic Imperial Rivalries', Modern Asian

Studies, 45, 6 (2011) pp.1337–1382

Ayesha Jalal Partisans of Allah: Jihad in South Asia, Paperback – 2009

Dass, Niranjan Terrorism and Militancy in South Asia
Eaton, Richard The Rise of Islam and the Bengal Frontier

Gerald, Larson Religion and Personal Law in Secular India: A Call to Judgment

Gilmartin, David Empire and Islam

Hasan, Mushirul Legacy of A Divided Nation: India's Muslims Since Independence

Hasan, Mushirul Islam in the Sub Continent: Muslims in A Plural Society

Jalal, Ayesha Nation, Reason and Religion: Punjab's Role in the Partition of

India', Economic and Political Weekly, pp.8-15, August 1998

Jeffrey, Robin Being Muslim in South Asia: Diversity and Daily Life

Kaur, Ravinder Religion, Violence and Political Mobilisation in South Asia

Nicholas B. Dirks Castes of Mind

Peters, Rudolph Jihad in Classical and Modern Islam

Reza Pirbha, M Reconsidering Islam in a South Asian Context Riaz, Ali Faithful Education: Madrassahs in South Asia

Richard King Religion and Violence in South Asia: Theory and Practice

Schendel, Willem A History of Bangladesh

Van

Schwartz, The Two Faces of Islam: Saudi Fundamentalism and Its Role in

Stephen Terrorism

Singh, Amarjit Jinnah and Punjab: Shamsul Hasan Collection and Other

Documents, 1943-1947, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi, 2007

Talbot, Ian and The Partition of India

Gurharpal Singh

William, Gould Religion and Conflict in Modern South Asia

Williams, Rina Postcolonial Politics and Personal Laws: Colonial Legal Legacies and

<u>Verma</u> the Indian State

Paper - XXVII (Optional Paper): Gender and Society in South Asia

Marks: 80

Internal Assessment: 20

Time: 3 Hours

Note: - The question paper will consist of nine questions. The candidate shall attempt *five* questions in all. Question No. 1 will be *compulsory*, which will consist of four short conceptual / thematic questions of equal marks (i.e. 4 marks each) spread over the whole syllabus. The candidate shall attempt *four* more questions, selecting at least *one* from each Unit. Each question will carry equal marks (i.e. 16 marks).

Unit – I Approaches to the Study of Gender Studies: Liberal; Radical; Postmodern; Gender in International Relations

Unit –II Hegemonic Masculinities: Roots of Patriarchy in South Asia; Gender Injustice: perspectives of Religion, Culture and Caste; Gendered Concepts: State, Sovereignty and Nationalism

Unit –III Gender and Conflict: Militarization of Countries and its Impact on Women's Lives; Sex Trafficking; Politics of Security; Conflict and Migration; Gender Discrimination in Modern Societies; States of Human Right of Women

Unit – IV Issues of Women in South Asia: Women and Empowerment; Women and Economy; Women and Violence; Women's Movements in South Asia and its Limitation

Suggested Readings

Ardener, E. 1975. "Belief and the Problem of Women" and "The Problem Revisited", in S. Ardener (ed.), *Perceiving Women*, London: Malaby Press.

Barrett, M. 1980. Women's Oppression Today, London: Verso. (Chapters 1 to 4, and 6).

Bazaz, P. N. 1959. Daughters of the Vitasa: A History of Kashmir Women form early times to the present day. New Delhi: Kashmir Book Co

Boserup, E. 1974. Women's Role in Economic Development, New York: St. Martin's Press. (Part I).

Dabla, B. A. 2007. *Multi-dimensional problems of women in Kashmir*. New Delhi: Gyan Book Pvt Ltd

De Beauvoir, S.1983. *The Second Sex*, Harmondsworth: Penguin. (Book Two).

Douglas. M. 1970 Purity and Danger, Harmondsworth: Penguin.

Engels, F.1972. *The Origin of the Family, Private Property and, the State*, London: Lawrence and Wishart.

Hershman, P. 1977. "Virgin and Mother" in I.M. Lewis (ed.). *Symbols and Sentiments: Cross-Culture Studies in Symbolism*, London: Academic Press.

Hirschon, R. 1984 "Introduction: Property, Power and Gender Relations" in R. Hirschon (ed.). *Women and Property. Women as Property*, Beckenham: Croom Helm.

Jaggar, A. 1983. Feminist Politics and Human Nature, Brighton: The Harvester Press.

Leacock, E. 1978. "Women's Status in Egalitarian Societies: Implications for Social Evolution", *Current Anthropology*, 19(2), pp. 247-75.

Mac Cormack, C. and M. Strathern (ed.). 1980 *Nature, Culture and Gender,* Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. (Chapter I).

Mead, M. 1935. Sex and Temperament in Three Primitive Societies, New York: William Morrow.

Meillassoux, C. 1981. *Maidens, Meals and Money*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, (Part I).

Reiter, R. R. (ed.) 1975. *Towards an Anthropology of Women*, New York: Monthly Review Press, (Articles by Draper and Rubin; other articles may be used for illustration).

Rogers, S.C. 1975. "Female Forms of Power and the Myth of Male Dominance: A Model of Female/Male Interaction in Peasant Societies", *American Ethnologist*, 2(4), pp. 727-56.

Rosaldo, M. Z. and L. Lamphere (ed.). 1974 *Women, Culture and Society*, Stanford: Stanford University Press, (Articles by Rosaldo, Chodorow, Ortner; other articles may be used for illustration).

Shafi, Aneesa. 2002. Working Women in Kashmir: Problems and Prospects: New Delhi: APH Publishing

Sharma, U. 1980. *Women, Work and Property in North West India*, London: Tavistock. Uberoi, J. P. S. 1961. "Men, Women and Property in Northern Afghanistan" in S.T.

Lokhandawala (ed), *India and Contemporary Islam*, Simla: Indian Institute of Advanced Study.pp. 398-415.

Vatuk, S. 1982. "Purdah Revisited: A Comparison of Hindu and Muslim Interpretations of the Cultural Meaning of Purdah in South Asia", in H. Papanak and G. Minault (eds.). *Separate World: Studies of Purdah in South Asia*, Delhi: Chanakya.

Yalman, N.1963 "On the Purity of Women in the Castes of Ceylon and Malabar", *Journal of the Royal Anthropological Institute*, pp. 25-58.

Paper – XXVIII (Optional Paper): Globalization and South Asia

Marks: 80 Internal Assessment: 20 Time: 3 Hours

Note: - The question paper will consist of nine questions. The candidate shall attempt *five* questions in all. Question No. 1 will be *compulsory*, which will consist of four short conceptual / thematic questions of equal marks (i.e. 4 marks each) spread over the whole syllabus. The candidate shall attempt *four* more questions, selecting at least *one* from each Unit. Each question will carry equal marks (i.e. 16 marks).

- Unit –I Conceptions and Perspectives on Globalization: Defining Global, Globalism and Globalization; Debates on Globalization: Hyperglobalists, Sceptics, Transformational lists; Dimensions of Globalizations: Cultural, Economic, Geographic, and Technological
- Unit –II Contemporary Global Actors: United Nations; World Trade Organisation; Group of 77; International Monetary Fund; World Bank; Transnational Corporations
- Unit –III Globalisation and Development Dilemmas in South Asia: Globalization and Diaspora; Globalization and Change; Asymmetric Economic Growth; Poverty and Human Security Development and Displacement; Gender Liberalization and Privatization in Education System
- Unit –IV South Asia in a Globalizing World: Challenges of Globalization to South Asia, Information Technology Revolution and Debates on Sovereignty; Asymmetric Intra and Inter-Regional Trade Relations, Migration, Cultural Globalization in South Asia

Suggested readings

Adams, N.BWorlds Apart: *The North-South Divide and the International System*, London: (1993)

Daniele and Jonathan Mitchie (eds) *Technology, Globalisation and Economic Performance,* Cambridge:(1997)

Barbora, Sanjay et al. "Migration Matters in South Asia: Commonalities and Critiques", *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 43, No. 24, pp. 57-65. (2008),

Bhattacharya, Mita South Asia in the Era of Globalisation: Trade, Industrialization and Welfare, New York: (2004)

Dunning, John A, (ed) Globalisation, Trade and Foreign Direct Investment, UK: 1998

El-Ojeili, Chamsi and Patrick Hayden Critical Theories of Globalisation, London: 2006

Palgrave Enloe, Cynthia Globalisation and Militarism: Feminists Make the Link, Lanham, UK2007

Gilpin, R. Global Political Economy, Princeton, NJ 2001

Glen, J. Globalisation: North-South Perspectives, London: 2007

Held, David and Anthony McGrew, Globalisation Anti-globalisation, London: 2003

Held, David (ed.), A Globalising World: Culture, Economics and Politics, London: 2006

Held, David et al. (1999), Global Transformations, Cambridge: Polity Press.

Hirst, P. and G. Thompson (1999), Globalisation in Question, Cambridge Polity Press.

Hoda, Anwarul and Ashok Gulati (2007), WTO Negotiations on Agriculture and Developing Countries, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Hugo, Graeme "Improving Statistics on International Migration in Asia", International *Statistical Review*, Vol. 74, No. 3, pp. 335-355, 2006.

Katrak, Homi and Roger Strange (eds) WTO and Developing Countries, Hampshire: 2004 Khor, Martin, "Impasse at the WTO: A Development Perspective", Economic and Political Weekly, Vol. 41, No. 45, pp. 4659-4667, 2006.

Kiely, Ray The New Political Economy of Development: Globalisation, Imperialism, Hegemony, London: 2007

Kumar, Nagesh, et al. *Globalisation, Foreign Direct Investment and Technology Transfers: Impacts on and Prospects for Developing Countries*, London: (1998)

Lechner, F.J. and J. Boli (eds) *The Globalisation Reader*, Oxford: 2004